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E-2/316, ARERA COLONY, BHOPAL MADHYA PRADESH 462016 Ph. 8269710541,9826083140, 755-2420163 E-mail: rahuldewanica@gmail.com, saliljainca@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
Members of
M/s Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited,
Mumbai

Report on the audit of the StandaloneFinancial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of M/S WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED, MUMBAI ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including standalone other comprehensive income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and its **Profit** including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following Notes to the accompanying Standalone financial results:

a) Note No. 41 regarding non availability of the necessary information of outstanding dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year.

ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter provided below, description of how our audit has addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

Key audit matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Revenue from Operations

(Refer Note No. 2.03 "Revenue Recognition" and Note No. 23 "Revenue from operations" of standalone financial statements)

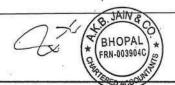
Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of returns, discounts and breakage, and taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government.

Based on the Educational Material on Ind AS 115 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), the recovery of excise duty flows to the Company on its own account and hence is a liability of the manufacturer which forms part of the cost of production, irrespective of whether the goods are sold or not. Since the recovery of excise duty flows to the Company on its own account, revenue includes excise duty. However, sales tax/value added tax (VAT), goods and services tax are not received by the Company on its own account and are taxes collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the Accordingly, these government. excluded from revenue.

Our procedures included the following:

- Assessed the Company's revenue recognition accounting policy for sale of products and services.
- Understood, evaluated and tested on sample basis the design and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over recognition and measurement of revenue.
- Performed test of details on a sample basis and inspected the underlying accounting documents relating to sales accrual.
- Tested on a sample basis, sales transactions near year end date.
- Performed analytical procedures on revenue.
- Assessed the disclosures in the standalone financial statements in respect of revenue for compliance with disclosure requirements.



Other information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including annexure to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in sub section (5) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it parists.

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Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- > Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- > Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- > Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we provide "Annexure-A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Standalone Balance Sheet and Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Standalone Other Comprehensive Income), Standalone Cash Flow Statement and Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in term of subsection (2) of section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report.
- g) According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, the remuneration paid/provided by the company to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matter to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rule, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanation given to us:
 - (a) According to the information provided by the management, there is no pending litigation which may impact the financial position of the Company. As referred in Note No. 39 of the standalone financial statements.
 - (b) The company does not have long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there are any material foreseeable losses.
 - (c) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (d) (i) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to accounts to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding.

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whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (ii) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (e) The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.

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(f) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For AKB Jain & Co Chartered Accountants FRN: 003904C

RAHUL DEWAN (Partner) M.No:435066

UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

Place: Bhopal Date: 27.04.2023

ANNEXURE-A

REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH "REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS" OF OUR REPORT ON EVEN DATE TO THE MEMBERS OF M/S WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED

(1) (a)

- (A) The company has maintained reasonable records showing full particulars, quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.
- (B) The company does not have any intangible asset. Hence, this clause is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information & explanations given to us by the management, the company has a program of verification to cover all the items of Property, Plant & Equipment in a phased manner. In our opinion, which is reasonable having regards to the size of the company & nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant & Equipment were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information & explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information & explanations given to us by the management & on examination of the records produced before us, we report that the title deeds comprising all the immovable properties of land & buildings which are freeholds, are held in the name of the company as the balance sheet date.
- (d) According to the information & explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Hence, this clause is not applicable.
- (e) According to the information & explanations given to us by the management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act 1988 & Rules made thereunder.
- (a) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, the management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification, coverage and procedure of such verification is appropriate. Moreover, as informed to us, no

material discrepancies were observed on such physical verification.

- (b) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, the Company has working capital limit in excess of five crore rupees during the year, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Copies of quarterly statements & returns, furnished to banks have been made available for our verification which have been verified by us on the random sampling basis & found the same in agreement with the books of accounts. Discrepancies noticed during such verification, were reasonably explained by the management.
- (iii) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management and relevant records, the company has not made any investments and also not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or guarantee to companies, firms LLP's or any other parties during the year. Hence, the sub-clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion, & according to information & explanation given to us, the company has not given any loan or guarantee or has not made investments during the year as covered under sections 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management and relevant records, the company has not accepted any deposits or amount which are

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(vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013in respect of the activities carried on by the Company.

(vii)

- (a) According to the records of the Company, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.
- (b) As per the information and explanation given to us, no disputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end.
- (viii) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management and relevant records, there was no transaction found unrecorded in the books of accounts of the company which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act 1961.

(ix)

- (a) Based on our audit procedures and on the information, explanations and representation given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedure, we report that the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) Based on our audit procedures and on the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not taken any new term loan during the year.
- (d) According to the information and explanation given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no fund raised on short-term basis, which have been used for long-term purposed by the company.
- (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint venture.
- (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

(x)

- (a) The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, this clause is not applicable.
- (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, this clause is not applicable.

(a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and according the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across

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any instance of fraud on or by the company, noticed or reported during the year, nor we have been informed of such case by the management.

- (b) To the best of our knowledge and information with us there is no instance of fraud reportable under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As per information and explanation given by the management there were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company as defined under section 406 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, this clause including sub clauses are not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanation, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where ever applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv)

- (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered internal audit reports of the company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, during the year the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them. Hence, provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 have not applicable to the company.

xvi)

- (a) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us the company has not conducted Non-banking financial or housing finance activities.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company, as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Hence this clause is not applicable.
- (d) This clause is not applicable to the company as it is not Core investment company (CIC).
- (xvii) The company has not incurred cash loss during the current financial year and the previous financial year.
- xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us by management and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payments of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statement our knowledge of the board of directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company and we further state that our reporting is based upon the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that allowed.

* BHOPAL * FRN-0039040 liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) The company is not required to transfer any amount in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the act. Hence this clause is not applicable.
- (xxi) The reporting under this report is for standalone financial statement of the company. Hence this clause is not applicable.

For AKB Jain & Co Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003904C

RAHUL DEWANI (Partner) M.No:435066

UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

Place: Bhopal Date: 27.04.2023

ANNEXURE-B

(REFERED IN OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the act")

(Referred to in Para 2(f) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date)

In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of **M/s Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited** as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The respective Directors of the Company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over the financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective companies policies, safeguarding the assets of the company, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information's, as required under the Act.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the relevant Guidance Note (Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Controls) and the Standards on Auditing, both, issued by the ICAI and are deemed prescribed under sub-section (10) of the section 143 of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that;

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles

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and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and

(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, the Company has, maintained in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For AKB Jain & Co Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003904C

RAHUL DEWANI (Partner) M.No:435066

UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

BHOPAL FRN-0039040

Place: Bhopal Date: 27.04.2023 WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663 STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars			Note No.	As at March	(Rs. in Lakh As at March
ASSETS:			LANG AND BOARS	31, 2023	31, 2022
(1) Non-current assets	55				
(a) Property, plant and equipment			2		* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
(b) Capital work-in-progress	18		3	12,215.25	12,726.7
(c) Financial assets			3	3,762.18	_
(i) Other financial assets		190	. 12		9749
(d) Deferred tax assets (net)		28	. 4	151.53	121.5
(e) Other non-current assets		8	16	2 2	139.84
Total non-current assets	63		5 _	187.04	146.1
(2) Current assets				16,316.00	13,134.26
(a) Inventories					E. Arman Arman Arman
(b) Financial assets	W	a 3 Sac	6	3,240.50	2,854.89
				*	_,001.00
(i) Trade receivables			7	3,685.22	3,592,12
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	17	29	8	353.43	194.80
(iii) Loans			9		143.90
(c) Current tax assets		#	10	76.31	25.11
(d) Other current assets		12	11	1,663.54	1,400.68
Total current assets			-	9,019.00	8,211.50
Total assets				25,335.00	21,345.76
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			-		21,040.1,0
equity			12	20	28
Equity share capital			10		25 W 25
Other equity			12	5,100.00	5,100.00
otal equity			13 _	2,089.33	(972.77
iabilities				7,189.33	4,127:23
1) Non current liabilities					
(a) Financial liabilities				77).	30 S
(i) Borrowings	50		14	9,331.33	8,368.71
(ii) Other			15	1,218.49	
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)			16	73.09	. 155.00
(c) Provisions			17	23.24	
Total non current liabilities		2	_	10,646.15	. 18.54
2) Current liabilities				10,040.13	8,542.25
(a) Financial liabilities					
(i) Borrowings					
(ii) Trade payables			18	3,327.63	4,089.16
(iii) Other financial liabilities		9	19	2,853.42	2,616.55
(b) Other current liabilities			20	1,078.23	1,622.58
(c) Provisions	s		21 .	208.57	318.45
Total current liabilities		336	22	31.67	29.54
otal equity and liabilities				7,499.52	8,676.28
rai equity and nabilities				25,335.00	21,345.76

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

BHOPAL

FRN-003904C

Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited

As per our Report of even date

For AKB Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 003904C

Rahul Dewani

(Partner) Membership No. 435066

Place: Bhopai Dated: 27.04.2023

UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

For and on Behalf of the Board

Deepak Arora (Managing Director)

DIN-03297079

Nakul K Sethi

(Chief Financial Officer)

Alok Arora (Director)

DIN-03430949

WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE PROFIT & LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR
ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Note	Year ended		(Rs. in Lakh. ended
45	No.	March 31, 2023	March	31, 2022
INCOME:				o i, Loll
Revenue from operations	23			
Other income	. 24	70,916.65		28,193.4
Total income	24 _	24.88	*	· 11.3
EXPENSES:	· ·	70,941.53		28,204.8
Cost of materials consumed	25	9	18	7.
Purchase of stock-in-trade	25	15,904.90	10	6,057.8
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade	26	-	20.	257.6
and work-in-progress	27	(86.92)		(205.0
Excise duties		00X2325-4779-50820	((4))	(295.84
Employees remuneration & benefits		44,711.14	15 W E	16,572.84
Finance costs	28	1,049.17		783.10
Depreciation & amortisations	29	621.00		558.47
Other expenses	30	518.87	a.,	521.90
Total expenses	31	4,953.74	100	3,025.38
	_	67,671.90	*//4/	27,481.28
Profit/(loss) before tax		2 200 00	5	
		3,269.63		723.58
Tax expenses:			10	100
Deferred tax		211.52		. 226 52
Total tax	83-	211.52		336,53
Profit/(loss) for the year after tax		211.02		336.53
rono(1033) for the year after tax		3,058.11		387.05
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or (loss)		ME RESENT	e	(0)#
Income tax on above		5.39		(3.13)
•	_	(1.40)	C 4 8	0.79
water at the second	-	3.99		(2.34)
Total comprehensive income		3,062.10		384.71
Earnings per equity share of face value of Rs.5/-				00 1.7 1
each	32		٠,	
Basic	32	2022		
Diluted		6.00		0.75
		6.00		0.75

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

BHOPAL

FRN-0039040

Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited

For and on Behalf of the Board

As per our Report of even date

For AKB Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 003904C

220

Rahul Dewani (Partner) Membership No. 435066 Place: Bhopal

Dated: 27.04.2023 UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

Deepak Arora (Managing Director) DIN- 03297079

Alok Arora (Director) DIN- 03430949

Nakul K Sethi (Chief Financial Officer)

WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663 STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2023

(Rs. in Lakhs) **Particulars** Year ended Year ended March 31, 2023 A. Cash flow from operating activities: March 31, 2022 Net profit/ (loss) before tax 3,269.63 Adjustment for: 723.58 Depreciation & amortisations 518.87 Interest expense 521.90 621.00 Operating profit before working capital changes 558.47 4,409.50 Movements in working capital: 1,803.95 Decrease/(increase) in inventories (385.61)Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables (1,102.89)(93.10)(775.28)Decrease/(increase) in short term loans 143.90 3.25 Decrease/(increase) in other current assets (262.86)Decrease/(increase) in current tax assets (net) (806.38)(51.20)(15.60)Increase/(decrease) in trade payables 236.87 268.11 Increase/(decrease) in other current financial liabilities (544.35)412.42 Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities (104.49)227.20 Increase/(decrease) in long term provisions 4.70 18.54 Increase/(decrease) in short term provisions 2.13 (14.10)Cash generated from operating activity before taxes 3,355.49 19.22 Direct tax paid Net cash flow from operating activities 3.355.49 19.22 B. Cash flow from investing activities: Purchase of property, plant and equipment (3,769.55)Decrease/(increase) in non current assets (40.93)(72.82)Decrease/(increase) in long term financial assets (29.97)18.77 Net cash flow from investing activities (3.840.45)(54.06)C. Cash flow from financing activities: Borrowings (net) 201.10 267.62 Increase/(decrease) in other long term liabilities 1,063.49 120.00 Interest paid (621.00)(558.47) Net cash flow from financing activities 643.59 (170.85)Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 158.63 (205.69)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 194.80 400.49 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 353.43 194.80 Compenents of cash and cash equivalents Cash in hand 119.07 14.32 With Banks - in current account 0.83 6 29 With Banks - in deposit account 233.53 174.19 Total Cash and cash equivalents 353.43 194.80

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited

As per our Report of even date

For AKB Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 003904C

Rahul Dewani

(Partner) Membership No. 435066

Place: Bhopal Dated: 27.04.2023

UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

For and on Behalf of the Board

Deepak Arora (Managing Director)

Alok Arora (Director) DIN-03297079 DIN-03430949

Nakul K Sethi (Chief Financial Officer)

WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Balance at the begning of the year	5,100.00	5,100.00
Changes in equity share capital		3,100.00
Balance at the end of the year	5,100.00	
	5,100.00	5,100.00

B. OTHER EQUITY

	(110	. III Lakii	5)
119			
$\mathfrak{S}_{\mathfrak{S}}$	620		1
	X0.	(1)	
	T-243	or.	
	Tota	31	- 1

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
Ψ,	Reserve and surplus	Other comprehensive income	
Particulars	Retained earnings	Actuarial gain / (loss)on employee benefit plans through OCI	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2021	(1,356.95)	(0.53)	
Profit / (loss) during the year	387.05	(0.53)	(1,357.48)
Re-measurment of defined benefit	307.03		. 387.05
plant	90	(2.34)	(2.34)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(969.90)	(2.87)	(972.77)

Balance as at April 1, 2022	(969.90)	(2.87)	(070 77)
Profit / (loss) during the year	3.058.11	(2.07)	(972.77)
Re-measurment of defined benefit	3,056.11		3,058.11
plant		3.99	3.99
Balance as at March 31, 2023	2,088.21	1.12	2,089.33

As per our Report of even date

Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited

For and on Behalf of the Board

For AKB Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 003904C

BHOPAL FRN-003904C

Rahul Dewani

(Partner)

Membership No. 435066

Place: Bhopal

Dated: 27.04.2023

UDIN: 23435066BGUVLF1602

Deepak Arora (Managing Director)

DIN-03297079

Nakul K Sethi (Chief Financial Officer) Alok Arora (Director)

DIN-03430949

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1 COMPANY INFORMATION

Woodpecker Distilleries & Breweries Private Limited is a private company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of Beer and Indian Made Foreign Liquor (IMFL). The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Som Distilleries and Breweries Limited.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.01 Basis for preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis, and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') to the extent notified. The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereof.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company liabilities.

2.02 Key accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of standalone financial statements requires management to make judgments, esitmates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expesses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgements based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized preospectively.

2.03 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net off returns, discounts and breakages, and taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government. The Company has concluded that it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements since it is the primary obligor in all the revenue arrangements as it has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks.

Based on the Educational Material on Ind AS 115 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), the recovery of excise duty flows to the Company on its own account and hence is a liability of the manufacturer which forms part of the cost of production, irrespective of whether the goods are sold or not. Since the recovery of excise duty flows to the Company on its own account, revenue includes excise duty. However, sales tax/value added tax (VAT), goods and services tax are not received by the Company on its own account and are taxes collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, these are excluded from revenue.

2.04 Expenditure

Expenses are accounted for on accrual basis and provision is made for all known losses and liabilities.

2.05 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalized until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by the Management.

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Asset Class	Useful life (in years)
Building and Civil Work	(,)
Roads	10
Labour Quarters	15
Factory Building	30
Computer Hardware	3
Electrical Installation	. 25
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Office Equipment	5
Plant & Equipment	25
Tubewell	5
Vehicles	8

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

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2.06 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet and cash flow statement comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of

2.07 Impairment

i) Financial Assets (other than at fair value)

The company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a company of financial assets is impaired. IND AS 109 required expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The company recognizes lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and/or all trade receivables that do not constitute of financial transaction. For all other financial asset, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

ii) Non-financial assets

Tangible and Intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flow that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An important loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

2.08 Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs are arrived at as follows:

- Raw materials, components, packing material, stores and spares on weighted average basis.
- ii) Stock in process and finished goods taking into account the annual average cost of materials consumed, direct production expenses, interest, depreciation and related Government duties.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.09 Foreign Currency Transactions

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee (INR). These financial statements are presented in INR.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

2.10 Retirement and other employee benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services. These benefits include performance incentives and compensated absences.

Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund. The Company has no obligation other than the contribution payable to the Provident Fund.

The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plans

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation done as per projected unit credit method, carried out by an independent actuary at the end of the year.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss - Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements and net interest expense or income.

Remeasurements, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

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2.11 Taxes on Income

Current income tax

Current income tax liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is also recognised outside profit or loss (either in OCI or in equity in correlation to the underlying transaction). Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions, where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of business losses and unabsorbed depreciation. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of business losses and unabsorbed depreciationcan be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in OCI or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement, if any.

2.13 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the standalone financial statements.

2.14 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. These exchange difference are presented in finance cost to the extent which the exchange loss does not exceed the difference between the cost of borrowing in functional currency when compared to the cost of borrowing in a foreign currency.

2.15 Earnings per equity share ('EPS')

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

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2.16 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of financial asset gave rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss immediately recognized in statement.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities which carry a floating rate of interest are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the asset of the company after deducting all its liabilities. Equity instrument by the company are recognised at the proceeds received net of direct issue cost.

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WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663
NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

3 Property, plant and equipment

	Land ford	Buildings & civil	Plant &	Firmities 9					(Rs. in Lakhs)
110	rand Ireenoid	works	machinery	fixtures	equipment	Vehicles	Total	Capital Work in	Grand Total
Gloss Block								Progress	1000
Balance as at April 1, 2021	802.92	4,172.97	9,597.88	33 93	34 32	27.40		Ž.	
Additions	,		1		40:50	31.42	14,6/9.44	34	14 679 44
Disposals & Adiustments			es :	1		•			
Balance of the Advent of agent	1				1	9		5 <u>E</u> 0	ı
Additions	802.92	4,172.97	9,597.88	33.93	34.32	37.40	44.070.44		
Additions	•	*	. 6.49		0.88	24:10	14,0/9.44		14,679.44
Disposais & Adjustments					9		1.37	3,762.18	3,769.55
Balance as at March 31, 2023	802.92	4,172.97	9,604.37	33 93	35.20	07 40			•
	8				05:00	74.16	14,686.81	3,762.18	18,448.99
Accumulated Depreciation			11						
Balance as at April 1 2021		01		(8)			9	×	
Additions		412.79	973.17	9.35	23.27	12.22	1 430 BD		
in a second		143.02	364.86	327	631		00.001		1,430.80
Disposals & Adjustments					0.0	44.4	521.90		521.90
Balance as at March 31, 2022		FEE 04	20000	0.0	1		0.01		
Additions		19.000	1,338.03	12.61	29.58	16.66	1.052.60		0.0
Significant of the state of the		143.02	364.98	3.27	3.15	7.46	1,002.03		1,952.69
Disposais & Adjustments				20	3	ř	216.87		518.87
Balance as at March 31, 2023		698 83	4 702 04		8				
		60.000	1,703.01	15.88	32.73	21.11	2.471.56		2 474 50
Net Block	06								4,47 1,50
The state of the s			*						
Balance as at March 31, 2022	802.92	3,617.16	8,259.85	21.32	4.74	20.76	37 307 C1		
Daigince as at March 31, 2023	802.92	3,474.14	7,901.36	18.05	2 47	46.34	12,120.13		12,726.75
				2000	14.7	16.31	12,215.25	3,762.18	15.977.43

3.1 Ageing of Capital work in progress

Cane line paint and machinery 3,762.18	1 - 2 vear				LIS. III LANIIS
		2 - 3 vear	> 3 vear	Total	
			10060	1 Ora	
	- 2				3 762 1R
Balance as at March 31, 2022			63		12
Particuaris					
	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	> 3 year	Total	
cane line paint and machinery	,				

* (BHOPAL)

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Particulars					As at March	As at March
4	Other financial assets - Non current	9				31, 2023	31, 2022
	Security deposits considered	good - unsecured				151 50	ai
36	Total		*	With the second		151.53 151.53	2) (000(0.100)
5	Other non-current financial						121.56
•	Capital advances	assets	28	2		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* 6
	Total	100	5			187.04	146.11
1	Total	* *			71 X	187.04	146.11
	Inventories			8			w
	Raw materials Stores, consumables & packing	a materials				362.83	
	Stock in process	y materials				1,915.58 279.50	V)
	Finished goods		1. 1			682.59	
	Total					3,240.50	2,854.89
7	Trade receivables			10	0		7 50
	Trade receivables considered	good - Unsequred			194	2 225 22	
	Total	good - Onsecured			8	3,685.22	3,592.12
	Trade receivables ageing sc	e eache				3,685.22	3,592.12
Γ	Trade receivables ageing so		for followin	a norinde	from due de	ate of payment	
1	Particulars	Less than 6	6 months	1 - 2		More than 3	S W
	were very second to the second	months	to 1 years	years	2 - 3 years	years	Total
	(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	3,626.14	44.44	11.03	3.61	3 4 8	3,685.22
8	Trade receivables ageing sch	nedule					
			for following	periods	from due da	ite of payment	
-	Particulars .	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
	(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	3,542.07	40.83	9.22	-,	9 (4	3,592.12
в с	Cash and cash equivalents	e *					
	Cash in hand						
	Balance With Scheduled Banks					110 07	44.00
Е		ĺ			57	119.07	14.32
C	Current Accounts	i			e e		
C		1			8	0.83 233.53	14
0	Current Accounts	3			·	0.83	6.29
C C	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total	3			-	0.83 233.53	6.29 174.19
T	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts					0.83 233.53	6.29 174.19
С Т	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans		d good			0.83 233.53	6.29 174.19
С Б Т Ц	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total _oans _ Current		d good			0.83 233.53	6.29 174.19 194.80
C T L T	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related		d good			0.83 233.53	6.29 174.19 194.80
T L T	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total _oans - Current _oans and advances to related Total	parties - considere	d good			0.83 233.53	6.29 174.19 194.80
T L T B	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related Total Current tax assets	parties - considere	d good			0.83 233.53 353.43	6.29 174.19 194.80 143.90
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related Total Current tax assets Balances with revenue authority	parties - considere	d good	in the second se		0.83 233.53 353.43	6.29 174.19 194.80 143.90 143.90
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related Total Current tax assets Balances with revenue authority Total Other current assets Staff Advances	parties - considere	d good			0.83 233.53 353.43	6.29 174.19 194.80 143.90 143.90
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related Total Current tax assets Balances with revenue authority Total Other current assets Braff Advances Prepaid Expenses	parties - considere	d good			0.83 233.53 353.43 76.31 76.31	6.29 174.19 194.80 143.90 143.90 25.11 25.11
LL TT B B TO SI PI A	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related Total Current tax assets Balances with revenue authority Total Other current assets Staff Advances	parties - considere	d good	20		0.83 233.53 353.43 76.31 76.31 67.10 435.71 1,154.66	6.29 174.19 194.80 143.90 143.90 25.11 25.11 22.67 13.27 548.75
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	Current Accounts Deposit Accounts Total Loans - Current Loans and advances to related Total Current tax assets Balances with revenue authority Total Other current assets Staff Advances Prepaid Expenses Redvances to suppliers	parties - considere	d good			0.83 233.53 353.43 76.31 76.31	6.29 174.19 194.80 143.90 143.90 25.11 25.11

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WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Note			(Rs. in Lakhs)
No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
12	Equity share capital	¥	20 and
	Authorized 5,60,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each [Previous year-5,60,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each]	5,600.00	5,600.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid 5,10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each [Previous year 5,10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each]	5,100.00	5,100.00

Par Value Per Share:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10/- each.

Reconcillation of No. of Shares:

Particulars	No. of shares As at March 31, 2023	No. of shares As at March 31, 2022
Equity share at the beginning of the year	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
Add : Issued during the year		0,10,00,000
Less: Buyback during the year		
Equity share at the end of the year	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000

Terms/Rights attached to the shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are entitled to receive the remaining assets of the company after the distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares in the Company.

Name of Shareholders	As at March	31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022		
	No. of Shares	Percentage	No. of Shares	Percentage	
Som Distilleries & Breweries Limited*	5,10,00,000	100.00%	5,10,00,000	100.00%	
*Shares held by the holding Company	0,10,00,000	100.00%	5, 10,00,000	100.0	

Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment : NIL

Aggregate number of Bonus Shares issued, Shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period from five years immediately preceeding the reporting date - NIL

Terms of conversion of any securities into equity/preference shares:

The company has neither Convertible prefernce shares nor debentures as on date of financial statement.

Calls unpaid:

As on date there are no unpaid calls are pending for payment. All the issued Equity Shares are fully paid.

Forfeited shares:

No equity shares of the Company have been forfeited.

Shareholding of Promoters:

Changes in promotors holding during the year ended at March 31, 2023

Promoter name	As at Mai	rch 31, 2023	I, 2023 As at March 31, 2022		% of
AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	() () () () () () () () () ()
Som Distilleries & Breweries Limited	5,10,00,000				

13 Other equity

Actuarial gain / (loss)on employee benefit plans through OCI:

Balance at the beginning of the year (2.87)(0.53)Other comprehensive income for the year 3.99 (2.34)Balance at the end of the year (2.87)Retained earnings: Balance at the beginning of the year (969.90)(1,356.95)

Add: Profit/(loss) for the year after tax 3,058.11 387.05 Balance at the end of the year 2,088.21 (969.90) 2.089.33 (972.77)

Nature and description of reserve:

Retained earnings: Remaining portion of profits earned or accumulated losses by the Company till date after appropriations.

BHOPAL FRN-0039040

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR **ENDED MARCH 31, 2023**

Note	Employable sections				(Rs. in Lakhs
No.	Particulars		81	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
all.	* 7		ent maturities	Current	maturities
14 <u>Non-c</u>	current borrowings	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March . 31, 2022
Secur	red loans	a			13.
Term Vehicl	loans from banks e loans from banks	984.94	1,811.49	796.50	744.5
	ured loans	W 100	(1 9)		0.0
	elated parties	8,346.39	6,557.22	* *	
Total	1 N	9,331.33	8,368.71	796.50	744.57
Notes	. 2 0				1,11.0

- Term loans from banks are secured by way of pari passu charged on factory land & building and plant & machinery - Interest on vehicle loans varies from 8.95% to 10.75% per annum. Tenor of these loans ranges from 3 to 5 years. Respective vehicles have been hypothecated to the lending institutions to secure their loans. Repayment of these loans is regular as per the fixed equated monthly installments.

15 Other financial liabilities

- Non current Security Deposits and Retention considered as good - unsecured

1,218.49 155.00

1,218.49 155.00

16 Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) (net)

Deferred tax liabilities:

Difference between depreciation as per books of account and the Income Tax Act 1961. Others

1,029.34 .869.37

1,029.34

Deferred tax assets:

Impact of expenditure charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis

7.19

869.37

5.49

Unabsorbed depreciation & carried forward losses

949.06 1.003.72

Total

956.25 1,009.21 73.09 (139.84)

Notes:

- (a) Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is porbable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the carried forward lossess and unabsorbed depreciation can be utilized.
- (b) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities.
- (c) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes leived by the same taxation authority.

16.1 Tax expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and OCI

Particulars Current tax	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Deferred tax:	18	6. A *
Origination and reversal of temporary difference through profit and loss Origination and reversal of temporary difference through other comprehensive income	211.52	336.5
Total deferred tax expenses / (credit)		(0.7)
Tax relating to earlier year	212.92	335.74
Total tax expenses / (credit)	212.92	335.74

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NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Note No.	Particulars					As at March 31, 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs As at March 31, 2022
17	Provisions	87				14 E	0.1, 2022
10	- Non Current	*					9
	Employee Benefits						8
.	Gratuity		26 #0			00000000	
	Takel			10		23.24	18.5
	Total			96		23.24	18.54
18	Current borrowings	19	-			18 e	
	Secured		¥0				
	Cash Credit from Bank	84 ₂₀	e w 5 en			2 524 42	
6	(Secured by way of hypothec	ation of entire o	urrent assets of	the compa	nul	2,531.13	3,344.59
	Current maturities of long-ter	m borrowing		are compa	114)	796.50	744.5
		8 8	37 00			790.50	744.57
	Total					3,327.63	4,089.16
			20			0,021.00	4,009.10
19	Trade payables		12				
	MSME					Y.	
	Other than MSME						F4.
						2,853.42	2,616.55
	Total			0.			- 1
	96	19			*	2,853.42	2,616.55
	Trade payables ageing sche	dule As at Mar	ch 31 2022			*17	
	Particulars	Outstandir	g for following	noriode f	ware door d		
		30/190 11/1900	Less than 1	1 - 2		te or payment	
		Not due	years	years	2 - 3	More than 3	Total
1	(i) MSME	_	years	years -	years -	years	3 1955000
	(ii) Others	2,372.87	240.47				. 60
	Trade payables ageing sche Particulars	dule As at Mar	240.17 ch 31, 2022 g for following	198.36 periods fr	36.69 om due da	5.33 te of payment	2,853.42
	Trade payables ageing sche Particulars	dule As at Mar	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1	periods fr 1 - 2	om due da 2 - 3		* *** *** ***
	Particulars	dule As at Mare Outstandin	ch 31, 2022 g for following	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment	7,853.42
	Particulars (i) MSME	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total -
	Particulars	dule As at Mare Outstandin	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	* *** *** ***
	Particulars (i) MSME	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total -
	Particulars (i) MSME	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total -
0 !	(i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total
0 !	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years - -	Total 2,616.55
	(i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55
0 !	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years - -	Total 2,616.55
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55
0 !	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55
00 !	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55
00 !	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55 128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58
00 !	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal Other current liabilities	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal Other current liabilities	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58
00 1	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Fotal Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable Total Provisions - Current	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Total Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable Total Provisions - Current Imployee Benefits	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55 128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58 271.60 46.85 318.45
[[[]]] [[] [] [] [] [] [] [Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Total Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable Total Provisions - Current Employee Benefits Bratuity	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years -	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55 128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58 271.60 46.85 318.45
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Total Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable Total Provisions - Current Imployee Benefits	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years -	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55 128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58 271.60 46.85 318.45
	Particulars (i) MSME (ii) Others Other financial liabilities Bank overdraft Expenses & other payables Total Other current liabilities Advances from customers Statutory dues payable Total Provisions - Current Employee Benefits Bratuity	dule As at Mard Outstandin Not due	ch 31, 2022 g for following Less than 1 years	periods fr 1 - 2 years	om due da 2 - 3 years -	te of payment More than 3 years	Total 2,616.55 128.06 1,494.52 1,622.58 271.60 46.85 318.45

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BHOPAL FRN-003904C

WOODPECKER DISTILLERIES & BREWERIES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN- U15400MH2010PTC211663

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR
ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Note No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs Year ended March 31, 2022
23	Revenue from operations		
400	Sale of Brodusts (in al. 15 - 5		*
	Sale of Products (including Excise duty) Other Operational Income	70,536.00	28,069.42
	outer operational income	380.65	124.05
	Total		
	All B	70,916.65	28,193.47
	* 8		
24	Other income	W.	
	100 N 14 G	8,8	* n 190
	Interest	11,63	0.00
	Other Revenues	13.25	9.00
	Total		
	Total	24.88	11.39
		V	0
25	Cost of Materials consumed		# W W
	Social materials consumed		2000
	Opening Stocks	1,979.72	1,172.66
	Add: Purchases	16,203.59	6,864.88
	Less: Closing Stocks	(2,278.41)	(1,979.72
	Total	AND TOTAL PROPERTY OF	***************************************
		15,904.90	6,057.82
			ř.,
			- W
26	Purchase of stock in trade		257.61
	E		207.01
			20 g
	E	*	
27 (Changes in inventories of Saint d		- 48
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work Opening stock:	-in-progress	18 (7)
	Stock in process	95225400 (0.00)	
	Finished goods	724.40	240.90
	9	150.77 875.17	338.43
(Closing stock:	0/5.1/	579.33
	Stock in process	279.50	724.40
F	Finished goods	682.59	150.77
	8	962.09	. 875.17
		6	
1	ncrease / (Dcrease) in inventories	(86.92)	(295.84)
2	V 2		
8 <u>E</u>	mployee remuneration & benefits	100 10	£2
c	Salaries, allowances & bonus	26 movement access	£
	mployer's contribution to Provident & Gratuity Fund	964.69	728.78
8	Staff welfare expenses	53.48	37.99
0	Total Total Carpetises	31.00	16.33
		We - Telephone - T	
Т	otal	1,049.17	783.10



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NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Nata		100	in the second	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Note	Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
No.			March 31, 2023	March 31; 2022

28.1 Defined benefit plan

The required disclosures of employees benefits as per Ind AS – 19 are given hereunder:-

(i) In respect of Short Term Employee Benefits:

The Company has at present only the scheme of cumulative benefit of leave encashment payable at the end of each calendar year and the same have been provided for on accrual basis.

(ii) In respect of Defined Benefit Scheme (Based on Actuarial Valuation) of Gratuity:

Table Showing Changes in Present Value of Obligations:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period	19.18	7.44
Interest cost	1,39	. 0.54
Current service cost	9.27	8.07
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(5.39)	3.13
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	24.45	19.18

Key results:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	24.45	19.18
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	7.	
Net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet and related analysis	24,45	19.18
Funded Status - Surplus/ (Deficit)	(24.45)	. (19.18)

Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest cost	1.39	0.54
Current service cost	9.27	8.07
Expenses to be recognized in P&L	10,66	8.61

Other comprehensive (income)/expenses (Re-measurement)

140	Particulars	%	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Cumulative unrec	ognized actuarial (gain)/loss opening. B/F		2.42	(0.71)
Actuarial (gain)/lo	ss - obligation		(5.39)	3.13
Actuarial (gain)/lo	ss - plan assets.	9.		-
Total Actuarial (ga	ain)/loss		(5.39)	3.13
Cumulative total a	actuarial (gain)/loss C/F		(2.97)	2.42

Table showing changes in the Fair Value of Planned Assets

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period		
Expected return on plan assets		-
Contributions	-	
Benefits paid		12
Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets	-	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period		V 2

Table showing Fair Value of Planned Assets

Particulars	Year ended March	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period			
Actual return on plan assets	2	2	
Contributions	-		
Benefits paid			
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	-	100	

Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on Planned Assets

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Actual return on plan assets		140	
Expected return on plan assets	-		
Actuarial gain/(loss)			

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BHOPAL * FRN-003904C *

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Note			(Rs. in Lakhs)
No.	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
NO.		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022

28.1 Defined benefit plan

The required disclosures of employees benefits as per Ind AS – 19 are given hereunder:-

(i) In respect of Short Term Employee Benefits:

The Company has at present only the scheme of cumulative benefit of leave encashment payable at the end of each calendar year and the same have been provided for on accrual basis.

(ii) In respect of Defined Benefit Scheme (Based on Actuarial Valuation) of Gratuity:

Table Showing Changes in Present Value of Obligations:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period	19.18	7.44
Interest cost	1.39	. 0.54
Current service cost	9.27	8.07
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(5.39)	3.13
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	24.45	19.18

Key results:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March . 31, 2022
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	24.45	19.18
Fair value of plan assets at end of period		10.10
Net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet and related analysis	24.45	19.18
Funded Status - Surplus/ (Deficit)	(24.45)	(19.18)

Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest cost	1.39	0.54
Current service cost	9.27	8.07
Expenses to be recognized in P&L	10.66	8.61

Other comprehensive (income)/expenses (Re-measurement)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Cumulative unrecognized actuarial (gain)/loss opening. B/F	2.42	(0.71)
Actuarial (gain)/loss - obligation	(5.39)	
Actuarial (gain)/loss - plan assets.		-
Total Actuarial (gain)/loss	(5.39)	3.13
Cumulative total actuarial (gain)/loss C/F	(2.97)	2.42

Table showing changes in the Fair Value of Planned Assets

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	-	-
Expected return on plan assets		
Contributions		
Benefits paid		- 2
Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets		-
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period		

Table showing Fair Value of Planned Assets

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period		4 546	
Actual return on plan assets			
Contributions			
Benefits paid		-	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	-		

Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on Planned Assets

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Actual return on plan assets	120	2
Expected return on plan assets	-	
Actuarial gain/(loss)		-

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2. Markers

BHOPAL FRN-003904C

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	e Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
0027/01	(b)	march 01, 2020.	Watch 31, 2022
31			
	Power and fuel	1,094.92	
93	Labour		504.36
	Rent ·	613.67	
	Repairs	60.58	. 87.30
	Machinery	to the second se	
	Others	141.75	91.13
	Insurance	29.73	3.9
	Rates and taxes (Other than on income)	16.62	18.70
	Other Manufacturing Exp	241.92	276.98
	Auditors Remuneration	49.77	. 29.60
	(a) Audit fees Donations	0.97	0.59
		1.70	far e
	Travelling & Conveyance	182.15	138.90
	Legal & Professional	20.12	6.40
	Sales promotion	944:23	833.80
	Advertisement & Publicity	0.45	6.90
	Freight outward	1,354.35	598.37
	Other selling expenses	162.98	130.03
	General expenses	34.07	20.34
	Postage, Telegrams & Telephones	2.62	
	Vehicle Running & Maintenance	1.14	1.98
	Total	4,953.74	3,025.38
		4,000.74	3,023.36
			2
		(4)	()* = 8
32	Basic and diluted shares used In computing earning per Share:		18
(a)	Basic Earning per share		
	Total Comprehensive Income for the year	3,062.10	384.71
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding		9 E
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
			5,10,00,000
o)		5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
0)	Diluted Earning per Share	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
b)		5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
D)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71
0)	Diluted Earning per Share	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
0)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10 5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71 5,10,00,000
0)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71 5,10,00,000
0)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10 5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71 5,10,00,000
))	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10 5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71 5,10,00,000
o)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10 5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71 5,10,00,000
(3)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10 5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71 5,10,00,000
3 3)	Diluted Earning per Share Total Comprehensive Income for the year	5,10,00,000 6.00 3,062.10 5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000 0.75 384.71



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NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

34 Financial Instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial fiability and equity instruments are disclosed.

A. Financial assets and liabilities

The break-up of financial assets and liabilities	carried at amortized cost are as follows:		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	al e	As at March	As at March
Financial Assets:	*	31, 2023	31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	V 2 A		
Trade receivables		353.43	194.80
Loans	7	3,685.22	3,592.12
			143.90
Other Financial Assets Total		151.53	- 121.56
Financial Liabilities:	*	4,190.18	4,052.38
Trade and other payables	- P		
Borrowings		2,853.42	2,616.55
9-		12,658.96	12,457.87
Other Financial Liabilities Total		1,427.06	473.45
IOIAI		16,939.44	15,547.87

B. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations. The Company also holds unquoted investments in a wholly owned subsidiary.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The senior management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Financial instruments affected by market risk include deposits, investments

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rate relates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on borrowings affected, with all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

N	(Rs. in Lakhs)
As at March	As at March
31, 2023	31, 2022
	,
(10.78).	(14.75)
	14.75

(b) Commodity price risk

The Group is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities. Its operating activities require the ongoing purchase and manufacture of Beer and therefore require a continuous supply of Barley. The Company's Board of Directors has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity price risk and itsmitigation. The following table shows the effect of price changes in Barley:

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	27	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Impact on profit befor tax			
Increase 1%		(2.29)	(1.96)
Decrease 1%		2.29	1.96

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BHOPAL * (FRN-003904C)